

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA
FLORENCE DIVISION

Sherwin McFadden,)	C.A. No. 4:08-3365-TLW-TER
)	
Petitioner,)	
)	
vs.)	ORDER
)	
Robert M.Stevenson,)	
)	
Respondent.)	
)	

The *pro se* petitioner, an inmate at the South Carolina Department of Corrections, seeks *habeas corpus* relief under Title 28, United States Code, Section 2254. (Doc. # 1). The respondent filed a return and motion for summary judgment on April 8, 2009. (Docs. # 21 and # 22). Pursuant to Roseboro v. Garrison, 528 F.2d 309 (4th Cir. 1975), the petitioner was advised by Order filed April 9, 2009 that he had thirty-four (34) days to file any material in opposition to the motion for summary judgement. (Doc. # 23). On June 16, 2009, petitioner filed a written opposition to respondent's motion for summary judgement. (Doc. # 31).

This matter is now before the undersigned for review of the Report and Recommendation ("the Report") filed by United States Magistrate Judge Thomas E. Rogers, III, to whom this case had previously been assigned pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b) and Local Rule 73.02(B)(2) (D.S.C.). In his Report, Magistrate Judge Rogers recommends that the respondent's motion for summary judgment be granted, and that this case be dismissed, as it is barred by the statute of limitations. (Doc. # 33). Petitioner has filed objections to the Report. (Doc. # 35).

In conducting this review, the Court applies the following standard:

The magistrate judge makes only a recommendation to the Court, to which any party may file written objections. . . . The Court is not bound by the recommendation of the magistrate judge but, instead, retains responsibility for the final determination. The Court is required to make a de novo determination of those portions of the report or specified findings or recommendation as to which an objection is made. However, the Court is not required to review, under a de novo or any other standard, the factual or legal conclusions of the magistrate judge as to those portions of the Report and Recommendation to which no objections are addressed. While the level of scrutiny entailed by the Court's review of the Report thus depends on whether or not objections have been filed, in either case, the Court is free, after review, to accept, reject, or modify any of the magistrate judge's findings or recommendations.

Wallace v. Housing Auth. of the City of Columbia, 791 F.Supp. 137, 138 (D.S.C. 1992) (citations omitted).

In light of this standard, the Court has reviewed, de novo, the Report and the objections thereto. The Court accepts the Report.

THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Magistrate Judge's Report is **ACCEPTED** (Doc. # 33), petitioner's objections are **OVERRULED** (Doc. # 35); and respondent's motion for summary judgment is granted, and this case is dismissed, as it is barred by the statute of limitations.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/ Terry L. Wooten
TERRY L. WOOTEN
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

December 21, 2009
Florence, South Carolina